

Transcendental Project

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Course: St. Lawrence Course Code

This project aims to numerically solve for x in a transcendental math equation. A transcendental equation is an equation where the variable being solved for does not have an analytical solution. It is an introduction to numerical modelling and computational methods.

Given a transcendental equation, such as:

$$\sin(x) = x - 1$$

The equation was solved for one of the x values, such as:

$$x = \sin(x) + 1 \quad \text{or} \quad x = \sin^{-1}(x - 1)$$

The x 's on the right hand side will be referred to as x_{RHS} . The single x on the left hand side will be referred to as x_{LHS} .

$$x = \sin(x) + 1$$

x_{LHS} x_{RHS}

Each iteration was labelled and the error was calculate using;

$$\text{error} = |x_{\text{RHS}} - x_{\text{LHS}}|$$

absolute value

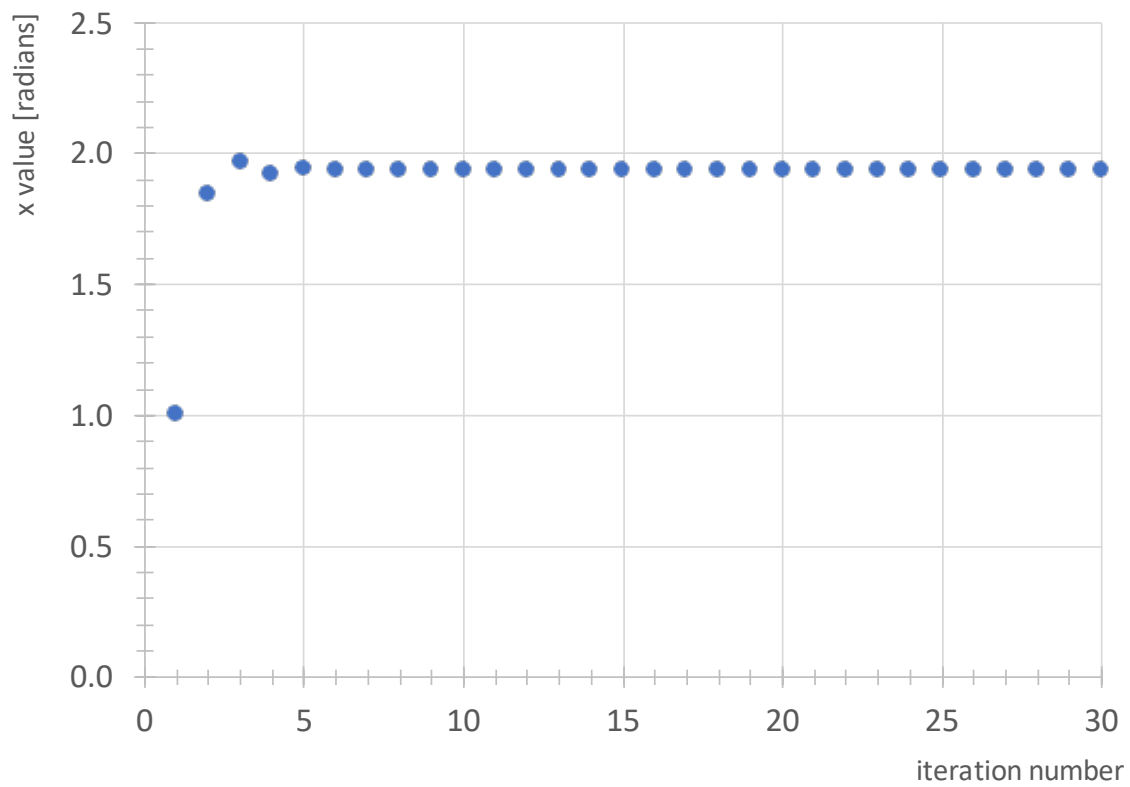


figure 1: plots the x value (x_{RHS}) versus iteration number of the transcendental equation. The solution converges on $x=1.93456$.

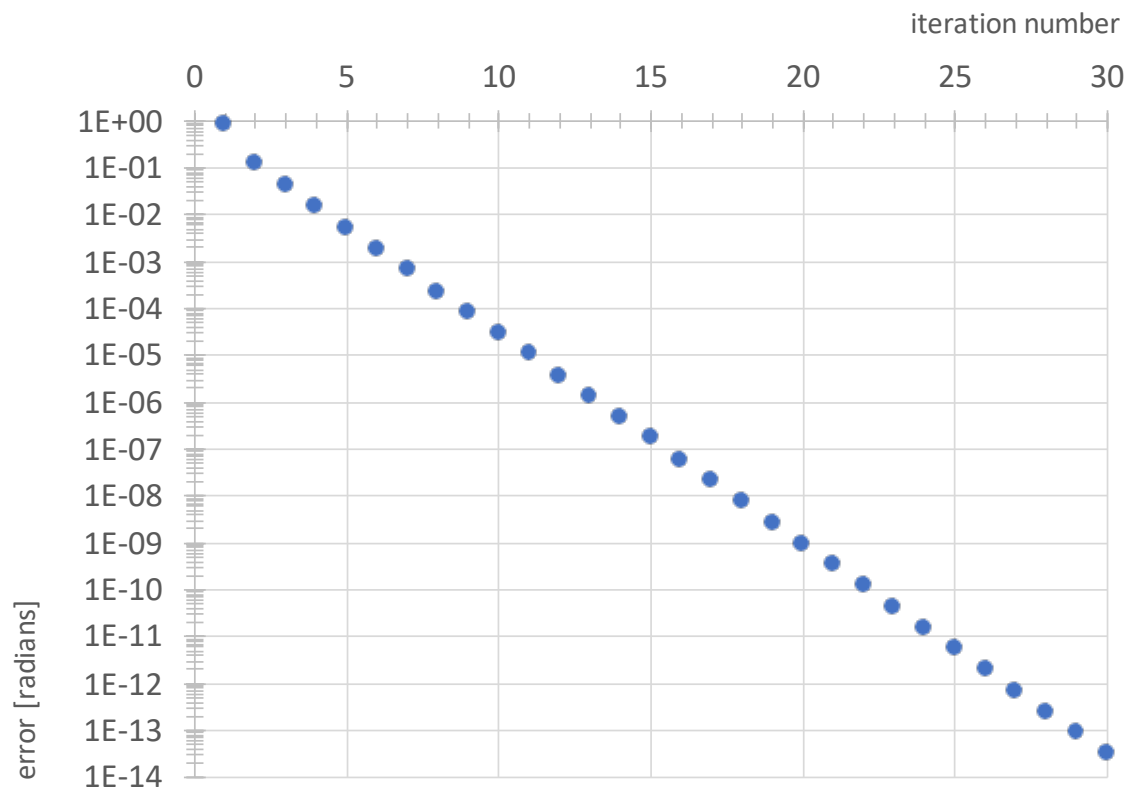


figure 2: plots the error versus iteration number of the transcendental equation. This is plotted on a semi-log plot to visualize the decreasing error of the solution.