

+ - terms

$$4 + x = 7$$

$$7 + x - 2 = 4$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + x - \frac{3}{8} = 1$$

$$0.5 + x - 2 = 7$$

$$8 + x - \frac{1}{2} = 7$$

$$7 = x - 2$$

$$14 = x - 8.52$$

$$17 - \frac{1}{2} = x - 0.278$$

$$8 - x = 2$$

$$6 = 4 - x$$

$$8.5 - x = 8$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - x = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$a + x = b$$

$$b - x = a + c^n$$

$$14 - x = a^n e + \pi$$

$$2 - x = \gamma e^n + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\gamma + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = 2 - x$$

$$\beta + 7 - x = \frac{(2-\alpha)^n}{m}$$

$$7 - x + \frac{(a-2)}{4} = \beta$$

$$18 + x = \left(\frac{a-4}{\pi + e^n}\right)^\alpha - \beta$$

$$\beta - x + \frac{(a-c)}{2} + \Gamma = 0$$

$$x - x_0 = 4$$

$$x - x_1 = \frac{x_0 - x_2}{y} + 7$$

$$14x_0 - x = \left(\frac{x_1 - x_0}{x_1 - x_2} \right)^k + x_2$$

+ - terms

$$4 \overset{-4}{+} x \overset{-4}{=} 7$$

$$4 - 4 + x = 7 - 4$$

$$x = 3$$

$$7 \overset{-7}{+} x - 2 \overset{+2}{=} 4 \overset{-7+2}{=}$$

$$x = 4 - 7 + 2 = -1$$

$$x = -1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \overset{-\frac{1}{2}}{+} x - \frac{3}{8} \overset{+\frac{3}{8}}{=} 1 \overset{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8}}{=}$$

$$x = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{8}{8} - \frac{4}{8} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{7}{8} = 0.875$$

$$0.5 \overset{-0.5}{+} x - 2 \overset{+2}{=} 7 \overset{-0.5+2}{=}$$

$$x = 7 - 0.5 + 2$$

$$x = 8.5$$

$$8 + x - \frac{1}{2} = 7$$

$$x = -0.5$$

$$7 = x - 2$$

$$9 = x$$

$$x = 9$$

$$14 = x - 8.52$$

$$22.52 = x$$

$$x = 22.52$$

$$17 - \frac{1}{2} = x - 0.278$$

$$16.778 = x$$

$$x = 16.778$$

$$8 - x = 2$$

$$8 = 2 + x$$

$$x = 6$$

$$6 = 4 - x$$

$$6 + x = 4$$

$$x = -2$$

$$8.5 - x = 8$$

$$8.5 = 8 + x$$

$$x = 0.5$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - x = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8} + x$$

$$x = \frac{1}{8} = 0.125$$

$$a + x = b$$

$$x = b - a$$

$$b - x = a + c^n$$

$$b = a + c^n + x$$

$$b - a - c^n = x$$

$$x = b - a - c^n$$

$$14 - x = a^n \epsilon + \Gamma$$

$$14 = a^n \epsilon + \Gamma + x$$

$$14 - a^n \epsilon - \Gamma = x$$

$$x = 14 - a^n \epsilon - \Gamma$$

$$2 - x = \gamma \epsilon^n + \frac{\Gamma}{2}$$

$$2 = \gamma \epsilon^n + \frac{\Gamma}{2} + x$$

$$x = 2 - \gamma \epsilon^n - \frac{\Gamma}{2}$$

$$\gamma + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = 2 - x$$

$$x = 2 - \gamma - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n$$

$$\beta + 7 - x = \frac{(2-\alpha)^n}{m}$$

$$x = \beta + 7 - \frac{(2-\alpha)^n}{m}$$

$$7 - x + \frac{(a-2)}{4} = \beta$$

$$x = 7 + \frac{(a-2)}{4} - \beta$$

$$18 + x = \left(\frac{a-4}{\pi + e^n}\right)^\alpha - \beta$$

$$x = \left(\frac{a-4}{\pi + e^n}\right)^\alpha - \beta - 18$$

$$\beta - x + \frac{(a-c)}{2} + \Gamma = 0$$

$$x = \beta + \frac{(a-c)}{2} + \Gamma$$

$$x - x_0 = 4$$

$$x = 4 + x_0$$

$$x - x_1 = \frac{x_0 - x_2}{y} + 7$$

$$x = \frac{x_0 - x_2}{y} + 7 + x_1$$

$$14x_0 - x = \left(\frac{x_1 - x_0}{x_1 - x_2} \right)^K + x_2$$

$$x = 14x_0 - x_2 - \left(\frac{x_1 - x_0}{x_1 - x_2} \right)^K$$